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641—3.1(80GA,ch102) Definitions. For the purposes of this chapter, the following definitions will apply:

"Area education agency" or "AEA" means an intermediate educational unit created by Iowa Code chapter 273.

"Audiologist" means a person licensed pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 147 or certified by the Iowa board of educational examiners pursuant to 282—15.3(272) or a person appropriately licensed in the state where the person practices.

"Birth center" means "birth center" as defined in Iowa Code section 135.61.

"Birthing hospital" means a private or public hospital licensed pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 135B that has a licensed obstetric unit or is licensed to provide obstetric services.

"Department" means the Iowa department of public health.

"Diagnostic audiologic assessment" means physiologic or behavioral procedures completed by an audiologist to evaluate and diagnose hearing loss.

"Discharge" means a release from a hospital to the parent or legal guardian of the child.

"Early ACCESS" means Iowa's Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), Part C, program for infants and toddlers. It is a statewide, comprehensive, interagency system of integrated early intervention services that supports eligible children and their families as defined in 281—Chapter 120.

"Guardian" means a person who is not the parent of a minor child, but who has legal authority to make decisions regarding life or program issues for the child. A guardian may be a court or a juvenile court. "Guardian" does not mean conservator, as defined in Iowa Code section 633.3, although a person who is appointed to be a guardian may also be appointed to be a conservator.

"Hearing loss" means a permanent unilateral or bilateral hearing loss of greater than 30 dB HL in the frequency region important for speech recognition (500-4000 Hz).

"Hearing screening" means a physiological measurement of hearing of a newborn or infant with a "pass" or "refer" result. Screening is used to determine the newborn's or infant's need for further testing and must be performed bilaterally, when applicable.

"Initial screening" means a newborn hearing screening performed during the birth admission for an infant born in a birthing hospital, or the first newborn hearing screening performed on a newborn born in a facility other than a hospital.

"Newborn hearing screening" means a physiological test to separate those newborns with normal hearing from those newborns who may have hearing thresholds of greater than 30 dB HL in either ear in the frequency region important for speech recognition (500-4000 Hz).

"Normal hearing" means hearing thresholds in both ears of 30 dB HL or less in the frequency region important for speech recognition (500-4000 Hz).

"Parent" means:

- 1. A biological or adoptive parent of a child;
- 2. A guardian, but not the state if the child is a ward of the state;
- 3. A person acting in the place of a parent, such as a grandparent or stepparent with whom a child lives, or a person who is legally responsible for the child's welfare;
 - 4. A surrogate parent who has been assigned in accordance with 281—120.68(34CFR303); or
 - 5. A foster parent, if:
- A biological parent's authority to make the decisions required of parents under state law has been terminated; and
- The foster parent has an ongoing, long-term parental relationship with the child; is willing to make the decisions required of a parent; and has no interest that would conflict with the interests of the child.
 - "Physician" means an individual licensed under Iowa Code chapter 148, 150, or 150A.
- "Rescreen" means a newborn hearing screening performed after two weeks of age on an infant who did not pass the initial screening.